
Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Adani Renewable Energy Holding Five Limited
(Formerly Known as "Rosepetal Solar Energy Private Limited")

Report on the audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Standalone Financial Statements of **Adani Renewable Energy Holding Five Limited (Formerly Known as "Rosepetal Solar Energy Private Limited")** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive loss), the Statement of Cash Flows and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information (herein after referred to as "Standalone Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2025, the Loss and total comprehensive loss, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Other Information

The Company's board of directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Director's report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Adani Renewable Energy Holding Five Limited

(Formerly Known as "Rosepetal Solar Energy Private Limited") (Continue)

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation and presentation of these Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the applicable Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Adani Renewable Energy Holding Five Limited

(Formerly Known as "Rosepetal Solar Energy Private Limited") (Continue)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - b. In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books; except for the matters stated in sub-clause 2(h)(F) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules 2014;
 - c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Statement of Cash Flows and the Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;
 - e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act;

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To the Members of Adani Renewable Energy Holding Five Limited

(Formerly Known as "Rosepetal Solar Energy Private Limited") (Continue)

- f. The modification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the paragraph (b) above on reporting under section 143(3)(b) and in sub-clause (2)(h)(F) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014;
- g. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in 'Annexure B';
- h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - A. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
 - B. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - C. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - D. (i) The management of the company has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the note 24 to the financial statement, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (ii) The management of the company has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the Note 24 to the financial statements, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
 - (iii) Based on such audit procedures that we have considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) contain any material misstatement.
- E. The company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year.

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To the Members of Adani Renewable Energy Holding Five Limited

(Formerly Known as "Rosepetal Solar Energy Private Limited") (Continue)

- F. Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software except the, audit trail feature is enabled for certain direct changes to database when using certain access privileged/administrative access rights which got stabilized and enabled from March 18, 2025 as described in Note no.35 to the standalone financial statements.

Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with in respect of the accounting software.

Additionally, the audit trail of relevant prior years has been preserved for record retention to the extent it was enabled and recorded in those respective years by the company as per the statutory requirements for record retention, as described in Note no.35 to the standalone financial statements.

3. With respect to the matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, managerial remuneration has not been paid. Accordingly, reporting under section 197(16) of the Act is not applicable.

Place: Ahmedabad
Date: 24th April, 2025

For, **DHARMESH PARIKH & CO LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg. No: 112054W/W100725

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Govabhai Gothi

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Kanti Gothi
Partner
Membership No. 127664
UDIN – 25127664BMIBKB3485

Annexure - A to the Independent Auditor's Report
RE: Adani Renewable Energy Holding Five Limited
(Formerly Known as "Rosepetal Solar Energy Private Limited")
(Referred to in Paragraph 1 of our Report of even date.)

The Annexure referred to in our Independent Auditor's Report to the members of the Company on the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025, we report that:

- i. a) (A) According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification, the company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.

(B) According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification the company does not have any Intangible assets. Accordingly, the provision of Paragraph 3(i)(a)(B) of the Order are not applicable.

b) According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification, the Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its Property, Plant and Equipment by which all Property, Plant and Equipment are verified by the management in a phased manner over a period of three years. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Based on our verification, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.

c) According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification, the title deeds of all the immovable properties. (other than properties where the company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the financial statements are held in the name of the company.

d) According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification, the company does not revalue its Property, Plant and Equipment during the year. Accordingly, the provision of paragraph 3(i)(d) of the Order are not applicable.

e) According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any Benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.
- ii. a) According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification, the Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its inventory. In our opinion, the coverage and procedure of verification by management is appropriate. The discrepancies noticed on physical verification of inventory as compared to book records were not 10% or more in aggregate for each class of inventory.

b) According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification, the company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. Accordingly, the provision of paragraph 3 (ii) (b) of the Order are not applicable.
- iii. According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification the company has not provided any guarantee or security to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnership or any other party. However, the company has made investments in subsidiaries and also provided unsecured loan to its subsidiary.

Annexure - A to the Independent Auditor's Report
RE: Adani Renewable Energy Holding Five Limited
(Formerly Known as "Rosepetal Solar Energy Private Limited") (Continue)
(Referred to in Paragraph 1 of our Report of even date.)

- a) According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification, the company has provided unsecured loan to its subsidiary as under.

	Guarantees	Security	Loans	Advances in nature of loans
Aggregate amount granted / provided during the year	-	-	Rs.1,34,146 Lakhs	-
- Subsidiaries (Including fellow Subsidiary)	-	-	Rs.1,34,146 Lakhs	-
- Joint Ventures	-	-	-	-
- Associates	-	-	-	-
- Others	-	-	-	-
Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date in respect of above cases				
- Subsidiaries (Including fellow Subsidiary)	-	-	Rs.1,13,811 Lakhs *	-
- Joint Ventures	-	-	-	-
- Associates	-	-	-	-
- Others	-	-	-	-

* Including Perpetual Debt Rs. 88970 Lakhs

- b) According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification, the investments made and the terms and conditions of the grant of all loans are not prejudicial to the company's interest.
- c). According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification, in respect of unsecured loans to companies, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and repayments or receipts are regular. Further, unrealized interest has been capitalized to the principal amount as per ICD agreements entered between the parties.
- d). According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification, there are no amount of loan which are overdue for more than ninety days.
- e). According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification, any loan or advance in the nature of loan granted which has fallen due during the year if any, has not been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdues of existing loans given to the same parties. Accordingly, the provision of paragraph 3(iii)(e) of the Order are not applicable.
- f). According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification, the company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans which are either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment. Accordingly, the provision of paragraph 3(iii)(f) of the Order are not applicable.

Annexure - A to the Independent Auditor's Report

RE: Adani Renewable Energy Holding Five Limited

(Formerly Known as "Rosepetal Solar Energy Private Limited") (Continue)

(Referred to in Paragraph 1 of our Report of even date.)

- iv. In our opinion and according to information and explanations given to us and representations made by the Management, the Company has not granted any loans, given any guarantees or provided any securities to the parties covered under section 185 of the Act. Accordingly, compliance under section 185 of the Act is not applicable to the company. The company has complied with the provisions of Section 186 of the Act in respect of investments made or loans provided to the parties covered under section 186 of the Act.
- v. According to information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public within the meaning of the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India, provisions of section 73 to 76 of the Act, any other relevant provisions of the Act and the relevant rules framed thereunder. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(v) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- vi. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Act for any of the products manufactured or services rendered by the Company. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(vi) of the Order are not applicable.
- vii. a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted/accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including Income-Tax, Goods and Service Tax and other material statutory dues have generally been regularly deposited during the year by the Company with the appropriate authorities.

According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Income-Tax, Goods and Service Tax and other material statutory dues were in arrears as at 31 March 2025 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

- b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues as referred in sub clause (a) as at 31 March 2025, which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute.
- viii. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the company has not surrendered or disclosed transactions as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961). Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(viii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- ix. a) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender. Further, unpaid interest has been capitalized to the principal amount as per ICD agreements entered between the parties.
- b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority or any other lender.
- c). In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has utilized the money obtained by way of term loans during the year for the purposes for which they were obtained.

Annexure - A to the Independent Auditor's Report
RE: Adani Renewable Energy Holding Five Limited
(Formerly Known as "Rosepetal Solar Energy Private Limited") (Continue)
(Referred to in Paragraph 1 of our Report of even date.)

- d). According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the company, we report that no funds were raised on short-term basis by the company during the year under consideration. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(ix)(d) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- e). According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the company, we report that the company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.
- f). According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies. Accordingly the requirement to report on clause 3(ix)(f) of the order is not applicable to the company.
- x. a). According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(x)(a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company
- b).According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement or not issued any fully or partly convertible debenture during the year under review. Accordingly, the provisions of paragraph 3(x)(b) of the Order are not applicable.
- xi. a). During the course of our examination of the books and records of the company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practice in India, and according to the information and explanation given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the company or on the company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- b). No report on any matter under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by us in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
- c). As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the company during the year.
- xii. In our opinion, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, the provisions of Clauses 3 (xii) (a) to (c) of the Order are not applicable.
- xiii. As per information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, all the transaction with related parties are in compliance with section 188 Companies Act 2013, wherever applicable, and all the details have been disclosed in Standalone Financial Statements as required by the applicable Indian Accounting Standards. The provision of section 177 are not applicable to the company and accordingly the requirements of reporting under clause 3(xiii) of the order is so far as it relates to section 177 of the act is not applicable to the company.

Annexure - A to the Independent Auditor's Report
RE: Adani Renewable Energy Holding Five Limited
(Formerly Known as "Rosepetal Solar Energy Private Limited") (Continue)
(Referred to in Paragraph 1 of our Report of even date.)

- xiv. a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records, we are of the opinion that the company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- b) We have considered the internal audit reports of the company issued till date, for the period under audit.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions, within the meaning of Section 192 of the Act, with directors or persons connected with them. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. a). In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- b). According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company the company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xvii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- c). In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the provisions of paragraph 3(xvi) (c) & (d) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xvii. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has incurred cash losses of Rs.5798 Lakhs during the current financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year cash loss was of Rs 1669 Lakhs.
- xviii. According to the information and explanations given to us, there is no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year in the company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios disclosed in note 29 to the financial statement, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the standalone financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence (including support letter of ultimate holding company) supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.

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(Referred to in Paragraph 1 of our Report of even date.)

- xx. (a) In respect of other than ongoing project, there are no unspent amounts that are required to be transferred to a fund specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act), in compliance with second proviso to sub section 5 of section 135 of the Act. Also refer note 43 to the financial statement.
- (b) There are no unspent amounts in respect of ongoing projects, that are required to be transferred to a special account in compliance of provision of sub section (6) of section 135 of Companies Act.

Place: Ahmedabad
Date: 24th April, 2025

For, **DHARMESH PARIKH & CO LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg. No: 112054W/W100725

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Kanti Gothi
Partner
Membership No. 127664
UDIN – 24127664BKETPU1698

Annexure – B to the Independent Auditor’s Report
RE: Adani Renewable Energy Holding Five Limited
(Formerly Known as “Rosepetal Solar Energy Private Limited”)

(Referred to in Paragraph 2(g) of our Report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of sub-section 3 of section 143 of the Companies Act 2013 (the act).

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Adani Renewable Energy Holding Five Limited (Formerly Known as “Rosepetal Solar Energy Private Limited”)** (“the Company”) as of 31st March, 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the company for the year ended on that date.

Management’s Responsibilities for Internal Financial Controls

The Company’s management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors’ Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the Guidance Note) and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external

Annexure – B to the Independent Auditor’s Report
RE: Adani Renewable Energy Holding Five Limited
(Formerly Known as “Rosepetal Solar Energy Private Limited”) (Continue)

(Referred to in Paragraph 2(g) of our Report of even date)

purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion the company has, in all material aspects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Place: Ahmedabad
Date: 24th April, 2025

For, **DHARMESH PARIKH & CO LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg. No: 112054W/W100725

Kantilal
Govabhai
Gothi

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Date: 2025.04.24
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Kanti Gothi
Partner
Membership No. 127664
UDIN – 25127664BMIBKB3485

ADANI RENEWABLE ENERGY HOLDING FIVE LIMITED
(EARLIER KNOWN AS ROSEPETAL SOLAR ENERGY PRIVATE LIMITED)
Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2025



Particulars	Notes	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
ASSETS			
Non - Current Assets			
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	4	80	80
(b) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	5	182,672	181,454
(ii) Loans	6	24,841	84,624
(c) Income Tax Assets (net)		7	202
Total Non - Current Assets		207,600	266,360
Current Assets			
(a) Financial Assets			
(i) Trade Receivables	7	7,507	2,548
(ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	8	45	12
(iii) Other Financial Assets	9	-	11,825
(b) Other Current Assets	10	40	40
Total Current Assets		7,592	14,425
Total Assets		215,192	280,785
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
(a) Equity Share Capital	11	1	1
(b) Instruments Entirely Equity In Nature	12	53,526	181,184
(c) Other Equity	13	(8,372)	(2,574)
Total Equity		45,155	178,611
Liabilities			
Non - Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	14	169,549	99,976
Total Non - Current Liabilities		169,549	99,976
Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Trade Payables	15		
- Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		1	0
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		108	1,970
(b) Other Current Liabilities	16	379	228
Total Current Liabilities		488	2,198
Total Liabilities		170,037	102,174
Total Equity and Liabilities		215,192	280,785

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date

For Dharmesh Parikh & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number : 112054W/W100725

Kantilal Govabhai
Gothi

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Date: 2025.04.24 23:22:38 +05'30'

Kanti Gothi

Partner

Membership No. 127664

Place: Ahmedabad

Date: 24th April, 2025

For and on behalf of the board of directors of
Adani Renewable Energy Holding Five Limited
(Earlier known as Rosepetal Solar Energy Private
Limited)

PANKAJ
KUMAR
VERMA
Pankaj Kumar Verma
Director
DIN:- 09804198

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by PANKAJ
KUMAR VERMA
Date: 2025.04.24
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ANKIT
MOHANLAL
AL SHAH
Ankit Shah
Director
DIN:- 08615210

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Date: 2025.04.24
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Place: Ahmedabad

Date: 24th April, 2025

ADANI RENEWABLE ENERGY HOLDING FIVE LIMITED
(EARLIER KNOWN AS ROSEPETAL SOLAR ENERGY PRIVATE LIMITED)
Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2025



Particulars	Notes	For the year ended 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
Income			
Revenue from Operations	17	6,768	1,845
Other Income	18	6,759	2,268
Total Income		13,527	4,113
Expenses			
Purchase of Traded goods		6,701	1,826
Finance Costs	19	12,620	3,532
Other Expenses	20	4	417
Total Expenses		19,325	5,775
(Loss) before tax		(5,798)	(1,662)
Tax Expense:	21		
Current Tax		-	-
Deferred Tax Charge / (Credit)		-	-
Total Tax Expense		-	-
(Loss) for the year	Total A	(5,798)	(1,662)
Other Comprehensive Income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:		-	-
Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:		-	-
Total Other Comprehensive Income (Net of Tax)	Total B	-	-
Total Comprehensive (Loss) for the year (Net of Tax)	Total (A+B)	(5,798)	(1,662)
Earnings Per Equity Share (EPS) (Face Value ₹ 10 Per Share)			
Basic and Diluted EPS (₹)	26	(114,722.27)	(160,337.54)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date

For Dharmesh Parikh & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number : 112054W/W100725

Kantilal

Govabhai Gothi

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Date: 2025.04.24 23:23:17 +05'30'

Kanti Gothi

Partner

Membership No. 127664

Place: Ahmedabad

Date: 24th April, 2025

For and on behalf of the board of directors of
Adani Renewable Energy Holding Five Limited
(Earlier known as Rosepetal Solar Energy Private Limited)

PANKAJ
KUMAR
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Date: 2025.04.24 22:12:37 +05'30'

Pankaj Kumar Verma

Director

DIN:- 09804198

ANKIT
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SHAH

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Date: 2025.04.24 22:12:51 +05'30'

Ankit Shah

Director

DIN:- 08615210

Place: Ahmedabad

Date: 24th April, 2025

Particulars	Equity Share Capital		Instruments Entirely equity in nature	Other Equity	Total
			Unsecured Perpetual Debt	Reserves and Surplus	
	Number of Equity shares	Amount		Retained Earnings	
Balance as at 1st April, 2023	10,000	1	181,109	(912)	180,198
Issued during the year (refer note 12)	-	-	75	-	75
(Loss) for the year	-	-	-	(1,662)	(1,662)
Other Comprehensive Income (Net of tax)	-	-	-	-	-
Total Comprehensive (Loss) for the year	-	-	-	(1,662)	(1,662)
Balance as at 31st March, 2024	10,000	1	181,184	(2,574)	178,611
Issued during the year (refer note 12)	-	-	-	-	-
Redeemed during the year (refer note 12)	-	-	(127,658)	-	(127,658)
(Loss) for the year	-	-	-	(5,798)	(5,798)
Other Comprehensive Income (Net of tax)	-	-	-	-	-
Total Comprehensive (Loss) for the year	-	-	-	(5,798)	(5,798)
Balance as at 31st March, 2025	10,000	1	53,526	(8,372)	45,155

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date

For Dharmesh Parikh & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number : 112054W/W100725

Kantilal

Govabhai Gothi

Kanti Gothi

Partner

Membership No. 127664

Place: Ahmedabad

Date: 24th April, 2025

For and on behalf of the board of directors of

Adani Renewable Energy Holding Five Limited

(Earlier known as Rosepetal Solar Energy Private Limited)

PANKAJ

KUMAR

VERMA

Pankaj Kumar Verma

Director

DIN:- 09804198

ANKIT

MOHANLAL

SHAH

Ankit Shah

Director

DIN:- 08615210

Place: Ahmedabad

Date: 24th April, 2025

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
(A) Cash flow from operating activities		
(Loss) before tax	(5,798)	(1,662)
Adjustment to reconcile the (loss) before tax to net cash flows:		
Interest Income	(6,751)	(1,928)
Liability no longer required written back	(8)	-
Finance Costs	12,620	3,532
Operating profit / (loss) before working capital changes	63	(58)
Working Capital Changes:		
(Increase) / Decrease in Operating Assets		
Inventories	-	0
Trade Receivables	(4,959)	22,858
Other Current Assets	(0)	(21)
Increase / (Decrease) in Operating Liabilities		
Trade Payables	(1,853)	(18,176)
Other Current Liabilities	152	204
Net working Capital Changes	(6,660)	4,865
Cash (used in) / generated from operations	(6,597)	4,807
Add / Less : Income Tax Refund / (paid) (Net)	196	(101)
Net cash (used in) / generated from operating activities	(A) (6,401)	4,706
(B) Cash flow from investing activities		
Investments in Equity shares of subsidiaries	(46,000)	(75)
Investments in Non Convertible Debentures	(47,700)	-
Proceeds from perpetual debt redeemed	92,482	-
Loans given to related parties	(133,885)	(87,789)
Loans received back from related parties	193,929	6,000
Interest Received	18,315	194
Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activities	(B) 77,141	(81,670)
(C) Cash flow from financing activities		
Proceeds from issue of Perpetual Securities	-	75
Repayment of Perpetual Securities	(127,658)	-
Proceeds from Non Current borrowings	118,913	117,203
Repayment of Non Current borrowings	(59,135)	(37,312)
Finance Costs Paid	(2,827)	(2,990)
Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities	(C) (70,707)	76,976
Net Increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(A)+(B)+(C) 33	12
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	12	0
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	45	12

Notes to Statement of Cash flow:

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2025	For the year ended 31st March, 2024
Reconciliation of Cash and cash equivalents with the Balance Sheet:		
Cash and cash equivalents as per Balance Sheet (Refer Note 8)		
Balances with banks		
In current accounts	45	12
	45	12

Notes:

- Interest expense accrued of ₹ 9,795 Lakhs (Previous year ₹ 544 Lakhs) on Inter Corporate Deposit ("ICD") taken from related parties and others and interest income accrued of ₹ 261 Lakhs (Previous year ₹ 1,734 Lakhs) on ICD given to related parties and others, have been included to the ICD balances as on reporting date in terms of the Contract.
- Disclosure of changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes under Para 44A as set out in Ind AS 7 "Statement of Cash flows" under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2017 (as amended) is as under.

Movement for the year ended 31st March, 2025

Particulars	As at 1st April, 2024	Net Cash Flows	Others (refer note (i) above)	Changes in fair values including reclassification / accruals	As at 31st March, 2025
Non Current borrowings	99,976	59,778	9,795	-	169,549
Interest accrued	-	(2,827)	(9,795)	12,621	-

Movement for the year ended 31st March, 2024

Particulars	As at 1st April, 2023	Net Cash Flows	Others (refer note (i) above)	Changes in fair values including reclassification / accruals	As at 31st March, 2024
Non Current borrowings	19,542	79,890	544	0	99,976
Interest accrued	-	(2,990)	(544)	3,534	-

- The Statement of cash flow has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in the "Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 7 - Statement of Cash Flows" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date

For Dharmesh Parikh & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number : 112054W/W100725

Kantilal

Govabhai Gothi

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Date: 2025.04.24 23:24:10
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Kanti Gothi

Partner

Membership No. 127664

Place: Ahmedabad

Date: 24th April, 2025

For and on behalf of the board of directors of

Adani Renewable Energy Holding Five Limited

(Earlier known as Rosepetal Solar Energy Private Limited)

PANKAJ

KUMAR

VERMA

Pankaj Kumar Verma

Director

DIN:- 09804198

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PANKAJ KUMAR
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Date: 2025.04.24
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Ankit Shah

Director

DIN:- 08615210

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Date: 2025.04.24
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Adani Renewable Energy Holding Five Limited
(Earlier Known As Rosepetal Solar Energy Private Limited)
Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March 2025

1. Corporate Information

Adani Renewable Energy Holding Five Limited (Earlier Known As Rosepetal Solar Energy Private Limited) (the "Company" or "AREH5L") is a company domiciled in India and is incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 having its registered office at "Adani Corporate House", Shantigram, Near Vaishno Devi Circle, S. G. Highway, Khodiyar, Ahmedabad-382421, Gujarat. (CIN: U70101GJ2015PLC083588).

2. Basis of Preparation and presentation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended) read with section 133 of Companies Act, 2013 and presentation requirements of Division II of schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 (as amended). The Financial Statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value (as explained in the accounting policies below):

- i. Certain financial assets and liabilities

The Company's financial statements are presented in INR (₹) (Indian Rupees), which is also Company's functional currency and all values are rounded to the nearest lakhs, except when otherwise indicated. Amounts less than ₹ 50,000 have been presented as "0".

3. Material accounting policies

a. Financial Instruments

A Financial Instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

A financial asset (except for trade receivable) and financial liability is initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss are recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a legally enforceable right (not contingent on future events) to off-set the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Adani Renewable Energy Holding Five Limited

(Earlier Known As Rosepetal Solar Energy Private Limited)

Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March 2025

b. Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis i.e. the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the assets. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades).

Subsequent measurement

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Classification of Financial Assets:

Financial assets measured at amortised cost

Financial assets that meet the criteria for subsequent measured at amortised cost using effective interest rate (EIR) method (except for debt instruments that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition):

Amortised Cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR.

Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)

Financial assets that meet the criteria for initial recognition at FVTOCI are remeasured at fair value at the end of each reporting date through other comprehensive income (OCI).

Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)

Financial assets that do not meet the amortised cost criteria or FVTOCI criteria are remeasured at fair value at the end of each reporting date through profit and loss.

Derecognition of financial assets

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss if such gain or loss would have otherwise been recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss on disposal of that financial asset.

Impairment of Financial assets

The Company applies the expected credit loss model for recognising impairment loss on financial assets measured at amortised cost, trade receivables and other contractual rights to receive cash or other financial asset.

The Company measures the loss allowance for a trade receivable and contract assets by following 'simplified approach' at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses. In the case of other financial assets, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss and where credit risk has increased, significantly, lifetime ECL is used.

Adani Renewable Energy Holding Five Limited

(Earlier Known As Rosepetal Solar Energy Private Limited)

Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March 2025

c. Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Unsecured Perpetual Securities

Unsecured Perpetual Securities ("securities") are the securities with no fixed maturity or redemption and the same are callable only at the option of the issuer. These securities are ranked senior only to the Equity Share Capital of the Company and the issuer does not have any redemption obligation hence these securities are recognised as equity as per Ind AS 32.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and in the case of financial liabilities at amortised cost, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

Subsequent measurement

For the purposes of subsequent measurement, financial liabilities are classified under two categories:

- Financial liabilities at amortised cost
- Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Classification of Financial liabilities:

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities that are not held-for-trading and are not designated as at FVTPL are measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. The carrying amounts of financial liabilities that are subsequently measured at amortised cost are determined based on the effective interest method. The EIR amortisation expense that is not capitalised as part of costs of an asset is included in the 'Finance costs' line item in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as FVTPL. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if these are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company those are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied. Subsequent changes in fair value of liabilities are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Fair values are determined in the manner described in note "m".

Adani Renewable Energy Holding Five Limited
(Earlier Known As Rosepetal Solar Energy Private Limited)
Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March 2025

Derecognition of financial liabilities

On derecognition, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liabilities derecognized and the consideration paid / payable is recognised in the statement of profit and loss. In case of derecognition of financial liabilities relating to promoters contribution, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid / payable is recognised in other equity.

Offsetting Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a legally enforceable right (not contingent on future events) to off-set the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

d. Current and non-current classification

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle for determining current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities in the Balance sheet other than deferred tax assets and liabilities which are classified as non-current assets and liabilities respectively.

e. Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognized when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, which is the consideration, adjusted for discounts and other incentives, if any, as specified in the contract with the customer. Revenue also excludes taxes or other amounts collected from customers.

i) Sale of traded goods

The Company's revenue from the sale of traded goods is recognized at the point in time when control of the goods is transferred to the customers, which generally coincide with the delivery of goods.

ii) Interest income is accrued on a time basis at Effective Interest Rate (EIR) applicable. Interest income is included in finance income in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

f. Taxation

Tax expenses comprises current tax and deferred tax. These are recognised in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Adani Renewable Energy Holding Five Limited
(Earlier Known As Rosepetal Solar Energy Private Limited)

Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March 2025

Tax on income for the current period is determined on the basis of estimated taxable income and tax credits computed in accordance with the provisions of the relevant tax laws and based on the expected outcome of assessments / appeals. Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset only if there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts, and it is intended to realise the asset and settle the liability on a net basis or simultaneously.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside the Statement of Profit or Loss is recognised outside the Statement of Profit or Loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized for the future tax consequences of deductible temporary differences between the carrying values of assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases at the reporting date. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences except when the deferred tax liability arises at the time of transaction that affects neither the accounting profit or loss nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and carry forward of unused tax credit and unused tax losses can be utilised, except when the deferred tax asset relating to temporary differences arising at the time of transaction that affects neither the accounting profit or loss nor the taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax relating to items recognized outside the Statement of Profit and Loss is recognized outside the Statement of Profit and Loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax assets to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax

**Adani Renewable Energy Holding Five Limited
(Earlier Known As Rosepetal Solar Energy Private Limited)**

Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March 2025

rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

g. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) (net off distribution on Unsecured Perpetual Securities whether declared or not) after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax as adjusted for the effects of dividends, interest and other charges relating to the dilutive potential equity shares by weighted average number of shares plus dilutive potential equity shares.

h. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of amount cannot be made.

Contingent liabilities may arise from litigation, taxation and other claims against the Company. The contingent liabilities are disclosed where it is management's assessment that the outcome of any litigation and other claims against the Company is uncertain or cannot be reliably quantified, unless the likelihood of an adverse outcome is remote.

A Contingent assets are not recognised but are disclosed in the notes where an inflow of economic benefit is probable.

i. Investments in Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures

Investments in Subsidiaries and joint ventures are initially accounted for at cost of acquisition less impairment, if any.

j. Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of non-financial assets, assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Each CGU represents the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-

Adani Renewable Energy Holding Five Limited

(Earlier Known As Rosepetal Solar Energy Private Limited)

Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March 2025

generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

The Company bases its impairment calculation on detailed budget and forecast calculations, which are prepared separately for each of the Company's cash-generating unit to which the individual assets are allocated. For longer periods, a long term growth rate is calculated and applied to project future cash flows. To estimate cash flow projections beyond periods covered by the most recent budget / forecasts, the Company estimates cash flow projections based on estimated growth rate.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

Assets for which impairment loss has been recognised in prior periods, the Company reviews at each reporting date whether there is any indication that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Assets (other than goodwill) for which impairment loss has been recognised in prior periods, the Company reviews at each reporting date whether there is any indication that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

k. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are interest and other costs incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale, based on borrowings incurred specifically for financing the asset or the weighted average rate of all other borrowings, if no specific borrowings have been incurred for the asset. Interest income earned on the

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temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing cost.

l. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of Statement of Cash Flow comprise cash and cheques in hand, bank balances, demand deposits with banks where the original maturity is three months or less.

m. Fair Value Measurement

The Company measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives and mutual funds at fair value at each balance sheet date.

The Company's management determines the policies and procedures for both recurring fair value measurement, such as derivative instruments and unquoted financial assets measured at fair value.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets, such as unquoted financial assets and financial liabilities and derivatives.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

3.1 Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures

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including contingent liabilities. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on experience and other factors that management considers to be relevant. Actual results may significantly differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis by the management of the Company. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

Key Sources of Estimation uncertainty:

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty and judgements at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

i. Fair value measurement of financial instruments

In estimating the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities, the Company uses market observable data to the extent available. Where such Level 1 inputs are not available, the Company establishes appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgment is required in establishing fair values. Judgments include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

ii. Taxes

Significant management judgment is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies and future recoverability of deferred tax assets. The amount of the deferred income tax assets considered realisable could reduce if the estimates of the future taxable income are reduced. In assessing the recoverability of deferred tax assets,

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the Company relies on the same forecast assumptions used elsewhere in the financial statements.

iii. Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

Impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The fair value less costs of disposal calculation is based on available data for similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. The value in use calculation is based on a discounted future cash flows model. The recoverable amount is sensitive to the discount rate used for the discounted future cash flows model as well as the expected future cash-inflows.

iv. Impairment of Financial Assets

The impairment provisions for trade receivables are made considering simplified approach based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation based on the Company's past history and other factors at the end of each reporting period. In case of other financial assets, the Company applies general approach for recognition of impairment losses wherein the Company uses judgement in considering the probability of default upon initial recognition and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period.

v. Recognition and measurement of provision and contingency

The Company recognises a provision if it is probable that an outflow of cash or other economic resources will be required to settle the provision. If an outflow is not probable, the item is treated as a contingent liability. Risks and uncertainties are taken into account in measuring a provision.

The Company measures the cost of asset retirement obligation which best represents the present value of estimated future expenditure. Accordingly, the same is considered in the carrying value of the corresponding plant and equipment and asset retirement provision. The remaining carrying value of Asset retirement obligation included in plant and equipment will be equally depreciated over the remaining useful life of corresponding plant and equipment. The Provision is remeasured when there is change in estimate of future expenditure of asset retirement obligations, the corresponding adjustment is reflected in the right of use asset.

4 Property, Plant and Equipment

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
Carrying amount of:		
Property, Plant and Equipment		
Land - Freehold	80	80
Total	80	80

(₹ in Lakhs)

Description of Assets	Property, Plant and Equipment	
	Land - Freehold	Total
I. Cost		
Balance as at 1st April, 2023	80	80
Additions for the year	-	-
Disposals for the year	-	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2024	80	80
Additions for the year	-	-
Disposals for the year	-	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2025	80	80
II. Accumulated Depreciation		
Balance as at 1st April, 2023	-	-
Depreciation expense for the year	-	-
Disposals during the year	-	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2024	-	-
Depreciation expense for the year	-	-
Disposals during the year	-	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2025	-	-

Note:

The Company does not have any immovable property where the title deeds are not held in the name of the company.

5 Non-current Investments (Unquoted Investment)		As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
Investments measured at Cost			
Investments in unquoted Equity Shares of Subsidiaries (fully paid)			
460,010,000 (Previous Year : 10,000) Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each of Adani Hybrid Energy Jaisalmer Four Limited (Formerly known as RSEPL Hybrid Power One limited) (refer note (iii))	(a)	46,001	1
10,000 (Previous Year : 10,000) Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each of RSEPL Renewable Energy One Limited		1	1
Investment in Perpetual Securities of Subsidiaries (fully paid) (refer note (iv))			
Adani Hybrid Energy Jaisalmer Four Limited	(b)	88,970	181,452
Investment in debentures of subsidiary (refer note (v))			
47,700,000 (Previous Year: Nil) 8.50% Optionally Convertible Debentures of ₹ 100 each of Adani Hybrid Energy Jaisalmer Four Limited	(c)	47,700	-
Total (a+b+c)		182,672	181,454
Aggregate amount of carrying value and net asset value of unquoted investments		182,672	181,454

Notes:

- (i) The Company has availed exemption available under para 4 of Ind AS 110 – Consolidated Financial Statements for preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements as:
1. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary and all of its owners have been informed about, and do not object to, the Company not presenting Consolidated Financial Statements;
 2. The Company's debt or equity instruments are not traded in public market;
 3. The Company did not file, nor is in the process of filing, its financial statements with a securities commission or other regulatory organization for the purpose of issuing any class of instruments in public market and
 4. The Ultimate Holding Company (Adani Green Energy Limited) is preparing and publishing Consolidated Financial Statements in compliance with Ind AS 110 and the same are available for public use.
- (ii) Refer note 2.2 of Consolidated Financial Statement of Adani Green Energy Limited (Ultimate Holding Company) for details of shareholding and place of incorporation of subsidiaries.
- (iii) Details of Equity Shares pledged by the Company as security for secured loans availed by respective subsidiaries from financial institution is as under.
Equity Shares of Adani Hybrid Energy Jaisalmer Four Limited (Formerly known as RSEPL Hybrid Power One Limited) : 10,000 shares (31st March, 2024: 10,000 shares).
- (iv) Securities are perpetual in nature with no maturity or redemption and are callable only at the option of the issuer. The distribution on these Securities are cumulative and at the discretion of the issuer at the rate of 10.60% p.a.
- (v) 8.50% Optionally Convertible Debentures are for a tenor of 20 years from the date of agreement i.e. 28th February, 2025 and shall be converted into equity shares of the company as per mutual consent of both the parties.

6 Non - Current Loan (Unsecured, considered good)		As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
Loans to related Party (refer notes below)		24,841	84,624
Total		24,841	84,624

Notes:

- (i) Loans to Related Party is receivable on mutually agreed terms with in a period of 5 years from the date of agreement i.e. 13th February, 2025 and carry an interest rate of 10.60% p.a.
- (ii) Unrealised interest at year end is added with the principal amount as per the terms of agreement, refer footnote 1 of Cashflow Statement.
- (iii) For balance with related parties, refer note 28.

7 Trade Receivables		As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
Secured, considered good		-	-
Unsecured, considered good (refer note 27)		7,507	2,548
Trade Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk		-	-
Trade Receivables - Credit impaired		-	-
Less: Loss allowance for credit impaired		-	-
Total		7,507	2,548

Notes:

- (i) For balance with related parties, refer note 28.
- (ii) **Expected Credit Loss (ECL)**
Trade receivables of the Company are from its related entities with credit period of 30 - 45 days. The Company is regularly receiving its dues from its related entities. Trade receivables are majorly due for lesser than one year, accordingly in relation to these dues, the Company does not foresee any Credit Risk.

(iii) Ageing Schedule:

a. Balance as at 31st March, 2025

(₹ in Lakhs)

Sr No	Particulars	Unbilled	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of receipt					Total
				Less than 6 months	6 Months - 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 years	
1	Undisputed Trade receivables - Considered good	-	85	7,407	15		-	-	7,507
2	Undisputed Trade receivables - which have significant increase in Credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Undisputed Trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Disputed Trade receivables - Considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Disputed Trade receivables - which have significant increase in Credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Disputed Trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

b. Balance as at 31st March, 2024

Sr No	Particulars	Unbilled	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of receipt					Total
				Less than 6 months	6 Months - 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 years	
1	Undisputed Trade receivables - Considered good	-	2,251	76	141	80	-	-	2,548
2	Undisputed Trade receivables - which have significant increase in Credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Undisputed Trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Disputed Trade receivables - Considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Disputed Trade receivables - which have significant increase in Credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Disputed Trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

8 Cash and Cash equivalents

Balances with banks
In current accounts

	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
	45	12
Total	45	12

9 Other Current Financial Assets

Interest accrued (refer note below)

	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
	-	11,825
Total	-	11,825

Note:

(i) For balance with related parties, refer note 28.

(ii) For conversion of Interest accrued on intercorporate deposit given to related parties, refer footnote 1 of Cash Flow Statement.

10 Other Current Assets

Advance for supply of goods and services
Balance with Government authorities, balance of goods and service tax credit

	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
	-	0
	40	40
Total	40	40

11 Equity Share Capital

	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
Authorised Share Capital		
10,000 (Previous Year - 10,000) Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each	1	1
Total	1	1
Issued, Subscribed and fully paid-up Equity Shares		
10,000 (Previous Year - 10,000) Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each	1	1
Total	1	1

a. Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year
Equity Shares

	As at 31st March, 2025		As at 31st March, 2024	
	No. of Shares	(₹ in Lakhs)	No. of Shares	(₹ in Lakhs)
At the beginning of the year	10,000	1	10,000	1
Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	10,000	1	10,000	1

b. Terms/rights attached to Equity Shares

The Company has only one class of Equity Shares having par value of ₹ 10 per share. Each holder of Equity Shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company the holders of the Equity Shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of Equity Shares held by the share holders. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors if any, is subject to the approval of shareholders in the ensuring Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend.

c. Shares held by holding entity

Out of Equity Shares issued by the Company, shares held by its holding company is as under:

	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
Adani Green Energy Limited, Holding company		
10,000 (Previous Year - 10,000) Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each (along with its nominees)	1	1

d. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

		As at 31st March, 2025		As at 31st March, 2024	
		No. of Shares	% holding in the class	No. of Shares	% holding in the class
Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid					
Adani Green Energy Limited, Holding company (along with its nominees)		10,000	100%	10,000	100%
Total		10,000	100%	10,000	100%

e. Details of shares held by promoters

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2025			As at 31st March, 2024		
	No. of Shares	% holding in the class	% Change	No. of Shares	% holding in the class	% Change
Adani Green Energy Limited, Holding company (along with its nominees)	10,000	100%	-	10,000	100%	-
	10,000	100%	-	10,000	100%	-

12 Instruments entirely equity in nature

	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
Unsecured Perpetual Debt (refer below note)		
At the beginning of the year	181,184	181,109
Add: Issued during the year	-	75
Less: Redeemed during the year	(127,658)	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	53,526	181,184

Note:

The Company has issued Unsecured Perpetual Debt to Adani Green Energy Limited. This Debt is perpetual in nature with no maturity or redemption and is repayable only at the option of the issuer. The distribution on this debt is cumulative and at the discretion of the issuer at the rate of 10.60% p.a. where the issuer has an unconditional right to defer the same. As this debt is perpetual in nature and ranked senior only to the Share Capital of the issuer and the issuer does not have any redemption obligation, this is considered to be in the nature of equity instruments. This Unsecured perpetual debt has been presented as instruments entirely equity in nature and during the year the company has redeemed the amount.

13 Other Equity

	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
Retained earnings (refer below note)		
Opening Balance	(2,574)	(912)
Less : (Loss) for the year	(5,798)	(1,662)
Closing Balance		
Total	(8,372)	(2,574)

Note:

Retained earnings represents the amount that can be distributed by the Company as dividends considering the requirements of the Companies' Act, 2013.

**14 Non - Current Borrowings
(at amortised cost)**

	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
Unsecured borrowings		
From Related Parties (refer note below)	169,549	99,976
Total	169,549	99,976

Notes:

(i) Loans from related parties are repayable on mutually agreed terms within a period of 5 years from the date of agreement and carry an interest rate of 10.60% p.a.

(ii) For balance with related parties, refer note 28.

(iii) Unpaid interest on borrowings from related parties at year end is added to principal amount as per terms of the agreement, refer footnote 1 of Cashflow statement.

(iv) For Maturity of borrowing, refer note 23.

15 Trade Payables

	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
Trade Payables		
- Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 30)	1	0
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	108	1,970
Total	109	1,970

Notes:

(i) For balance with related parties, refer note 28.

(ii) Ageing schedule:

a. Balance as at 31st March, 2025

Sr No	Particulars	Unbilled	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of Payment				Total
				Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 Years	More than 3 years	
1	MSME	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
2	Others	-	86	15	8	-	-	109
3	Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	1	86	15	8	-	-	110

b. Balance as at 31st March, 2024

Sr No	Particulars	Unbilled	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of Payment				Total
				Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 Years	More than 3 years	
1	MSME	-	0	-	-	-	-	0
2	Others	-	9	1,463	498	-	-	1,970
3	Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	-	9	1,463	498	-	-	1,970

16 Other Current Liabilities

	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
Statutory liabilities		
	379	228
Total	379	228

17 Revenue from Operations

	For the year ended 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
Revenue From Contract with Customers (refer note below & note 27)		
Revenue from Traded Goods	6,768	1,845
Total	6,768	1,845

Notes:

(i) For transactions with related parties, refer note 28.

(ii) Timing of revenue recognition

	For the year ended 31st March, 2025	For the year ended 31st March, 2024
Goods / services transferred point in time	6,768	1,845
Total	6,768	1,845

(iii) Reconciliation the amount of revenue recognised in the statement of profit and loss with the contracted price:

	(₹ in Lakhs)	
Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2025	For the year ended 31st March, 2024
Revenue as per contracted price	6,768	1,845
Adjustments		
Discounts	-	-
Revenue from contract with customers	6,768	1,845

The Company does not have any remaining performance obligation for sale of goods

18 Other Income

	For the year ended 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
Interest Income (refer notes (i) & (ii) below)	6,751	1,928
Liability no longer required written back	8	340
Total	6,759	2,268

Notes:

(i) Interest income includes ₹ 6,744 Lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 1,925 Lakhs) from intercorporate deposits and Interest on IT Refund of ₹ 7 Lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 3 Lakhs)
(ii) For transaction with related parties, refer note 28.

19 Finance costs

	For the year ended 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
Interest expenses on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost		
Interest on Loans (refer note below)	12,620	3,532
Note:	12,620	3,532
For transaction with related parties, refer note 28.		

20 Other Expenses

	For the year ended 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
Legal and Professional Expenses (refer note below)	2	341
Payment to Auditors		
Statutory Audit Fees	2	0
Corporate Social Responsibility Expenses (refer note below & note 31)	-	75
Miscellaneous Expenses	1	1
Total	4	417

Note:

For transaction with related parties, refer note 28.

21 Income Tax

The major components of income tax expense for the years ended 31st March, 2025 and 31st March, 2024 are:

Income Tax Expense :

Profit or Loss Section

Current Tax:

Current Tax

Adjustment of tax relating to earlier periods

	For the year ended 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
	-	-
	-	-
(a)	-	-

Deferred Tax

In respect of current year origination and reversal of temporary differences

	For the year ended 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
	-	-
	-	-
(b)	-	-

Total (a+b)

	For the year ended 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
	-	-

The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows :

	For the year ended 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
(Loss) / Profit before tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss	(5,798)	(1,662)
Income tax using the Company's domestic tax rate @ 25.17% (as at 31st March, 2023 @ 25.17%)	(1,459)	(418)
Tax Effect of :		
Tax impact on Permanent Difference	0	18
Current year losses on which DTA has not been recognised	1,459	400
Income tax recognised in statement of profit and loss at effective rate	-	-

Unused Tax Losses:

Unused tax losses (revenue in nature)

	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
	8,007	622
	8,007	622

Assessment Year	Business Losses (₹ in Lakhs)
2021-2022	32
2022-2023	3
2023-2024	587
2024-2025	1,587
2025-2026	5,798

No deferred tax asset has been recognized on the above unutilized tax losses as there is no probable reasonable certainty at the reporting date that sufficient taxable profit will be available in the future against which they can be utilized by the Company.

22 Contingent Liabilities and Commitments (to the extent not provided for):

(i) Contingent Liabilities :

Based on the information available with the Company, there is no contingent liability as at the year ended 31st March, 2025 and 31st March, 2024.

(ii) Commitments :

Based on the information available with the Company, there is no capital commitment as at the year ended 31st March, 2025 and 31st March, 2024.

23 Financial Instruments, Financial Risk Review and Capital Management:

The Company's risk management activities are subject to the management direction and control under the framework of Risk Management Policy as approved by the Board of Directors of the Company. The Management ensures appropriate risk governance framework for the Company through appropriate policies and procedures and those risks are identified, measured properly.

The Company's financial liabilities (other than derivatives) comprise mainly of borrowings, trade payables and other financial liabilities. The Company's financial assets (other than derivatives) comprise mainly of investments, loan, cash and cash equivalents, trade receivable and other financial assets.

The Company has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

- Market risk
- Credit risk ;and
- Liquidity risk;

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and price risk.

i) Interest risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's non current debt obligations with floating interest rates.

The Company has no variable rate borrowing outstanding as at 31st March, 2025 and as at 31st March, 2024, hence, there is no impact on the Company's profit / (loss) for the year.

ii) Foreign Currency risk

There is no foreign currency exposure as at 31st March, 2025 and 31st March, 2024. Hence, there is no impact on Company's (loss) / profit for the year.

iii) Price risk

The Company does not have price risk.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss.

Trade Receivable:

Trade receivables of the Company are from its related entities with credit period of 30-45 days. The Company is regularly receiving its dues from its related entities.

Trade receivables are majorly due for lesser than one year, accordingly in relation to these dues, the Company does not foresee any Credit Risk.

Other Financial Assets:

This comprises mainly of deposits with banks and other intercompany receivables. Credit risk arising from these financial assets is limited and there is no collateral held against these because the counterparties are group companies, banks and recognised financial institutions. Banks and recognised financial institutions have high credit ratings assigned by the international credit rating agencies.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities. The Company monitors its risk of shortage of funds using cash flow forecasting models. These models consider the maturity of its financial investments, committed funding and projected cash flows from operations. The Company's objective is to provide financial resources to meet its business objectives in a timely, cost effective and reliable manner and to manage its capital structure. A balance between continuity of funding and flexibility is maintained through continued support from lenders, trade creditors as well as through issue of equity shares.

The Company has unconditional financial support from Ultimate Holding Company including extension of repayment terms of borrowings, as and when needed.

Maturity profile of financial liabilities :

The table below provides details regarding the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted payment.

(₹ in Lakhs)					
As at 31st March, 2025	Notes	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 year	More than 5 Years	Total
Borrowings	14	17,415	222,401	-	239,817
Trade Payables	15	109	-	-	109

(₹ in Lakhs)					
As at 31st March, 2024	Notes	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 year	More than 5 Years	Total
Borrowings	14	8,683	99,976	-	108,659
Trade Payables	15	1,970	-	-	1,970

* Carrying value of Borrowings is ₹ 169,549 Lakhs (as at 31st March, 2024: ₹ 99,976 Lakhs)

The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted contractual maturities of the financial liabilities including interest that will be paid on those liabilities upto the maturity of the instruments, ignoring the refinancing options available with the Company.

24 Capital Management

The Company's objectives when managing capital is to safeguard continuity and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and provide adequate return to shareholders through continuing growth. The Company's overall strategy remains unchanged from previous year.

The Company sets the amount of capital required on the basis of annual business and long-term operating plans which include capital and other strategic investments.

The funding requirements are met through a mixture of equity, internal fund generation, and other non - current/current borrowings. The Company's policy is to use current and non - current borrowings to meet anticipated funding requirements. The Company monitors capital on the basis of the net debt to equity ratio (Capital Gearing ratio).

The Company believes that it will able to meet all its current liabilities and interest obligation on timely manner.

The Company's capital management ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowing in the current period. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31st March, 2025 and 31st March, 2024.

Particulars	Notes	For the year ended 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
Debt (A)	14	169,549	99,976
Less: Cash and cash equivalents, (B)	8	45	12
Net debt C=(A-B)		169,504	99,964
Total capital (D)	11 and 13	(8,371)	(2,573)
Total Capital and net debt E=(C+D)		161,132	97,391
Capital Gearing ratio (C/E)		105%	103%

Except as disclosed below, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall lend or invest in party identified by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries). The Company has not received any fund from any party(s) (Funding Party) with the understanding that the Company shall whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

During the year, the loan amount of Rs.900 Lakh was advanced by the Company involving 1 transaction in the month February 2025 to Adani Green Energy Six Limited,a Fellow Subsidiary which has been further advanced by this entity on same date to Adani Green Energy Limited,the Ultimate Holding Company which has been further advanced by this entity on same date to Adani Renewable Energy Holding Four Limited,a Fellow Subsidiary which has been further advanced by this entity on same date to Adani Renewable Energy Fifty Seven Limited,a Fellow Subsidiary. Such transactions are in compliance with the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (42 of 1999), Companies Act, 2013. Such transactions are not in violation of Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002 (15 of 2003) and are in the normal course of business.

During the year, the loan amount of Rs.22 Lakh was advanced by the Company involving 1 transaction in the month February 2025 to Adani Green Energy Six Limited,a Fellow Subsidiary which has been further advanced by this entity on same date to Adani Green Energy Limited,the Ultimate Holding Company which has been further advanced by this entity on same date to Adani Renewable Energy Eight Limited,a Fellow Subsidiary. Such transactions are in compliance with the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (42 of 1999), Companies Act, 2013. Such transactions are not in violation of Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002 (15 of 2003) and are in the normal course of business.

During the year, the loan amount of Rs.30 Lakh was advanced by the Company involving 1 transaction in the month March 2025 to Adani Green Energy Six Limited,a Fellow Subsidiary which has been further advanced by this entity on same date to Adani Green Energy Limited,the Ultimate Holding Company which has been further advanced by this entity on same date to Adani Saur Urja (Ka) Limited,a Fellow Subsidiary which has been further advanced by this entity on same date to Adani Renewable Energy Fifty One Limited,a Fellow Subsidiary. Such transactions are in compliance with the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (42 of 1999), Companies Act, 2013. Such transactions are not in violation of Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002 (15 of 2003) and are in the normal course of business.

During the year, the loan amount of Rs.40 Lakh was advanced by the Company involving 1 transaction in the month March 2025 to Adani Green Energy Six Limited,a Fellow Subsidiary which has been further advanced by this entity on same date to Adani Green Energy Limited,the Ultimate Holding Company which has been further advanced by this entity on same date to Adani Saur Urja (Ka) Limited,a Fellow Subsidiary. Such transactions are in compliance with the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (42 of 1999), Companies Act, 2013. Such transactions are not in violation of Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002 (15 of 2003) and are in the normal course of business.

During the year, the loan amount of Rs.1100 Lakh was advanced by the Company involving 1 transaction in the month March 2025 to Adani Green Energy Six Limited,a Fellow Subsidiary which has been further advanced by this entity on same date to Adani Green Energy Limited,the Ultimate Holding Company which has been further advanced by this entity on same date to Adani Renewable Energy Holding Four Limited,a Fellow Subsidiary. Such transactions are in compliance with the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (42 of 1999), Companies Act, 2013. Such transactions are not in violation of Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002 (15 of 2003) and are in the normal course of business.

During the year, the loan amount of Rs.1361 Lakh was advanced by the Company involving 1 transaction in the month March 2025 to Adani Green Energy Six Limited,a Fellow Subsidiary which has been further advanced by this entity on same date to Adani Green Energy Limited,the Ultimate Holding Company which has been further advanced by this entity on same date to Adani Renewable Energy Holding Nine Limited,a Fellow Subsidiary. Such transactions are in compliance with the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (42 of 1999), Companies Act, 2013. Such transactions are not in violation of Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002 (15 of 2003) and are in the normal course of business.

During the year, the loan amount of Rs.48462 Lakh was advanced by the Company involving 5 transactions in the month September 2024, February 2025 and March 2025 to Adani Green Energy Six Limited,a Fellow Subsidiary which has been further advanced by this entity on same date to Adani Green Energy Limited,the Ultimate Holding Company. Such transactions are in compliance with the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (42 of 1999), Companies Act, 2013. Such transactions are not in violation of Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002 (15 of 2003) and are in the normal course of business.

During the previous year, the loan amount of ₹ 15,500 Lakhs was advanced by the Company on various dates involving 4 transactions in the month January 2024 and February 2024 to Adani Green Energy Six Limited, a fellow subsidiary, which has been further advanced by this entity on same dates to Adani Green Energy Limited, the holding company. Such transactions are in compliance with the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (42 of 1999), Companies Act, 2013. Such transactions are not in violation of Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002 (15 of 2003) and are in the normal course of business.

During the previous year, the company has borrowed ₹ 75 Lakhs from Adani Green Energy Limited in the month April 2023 and advanced the same on same date to Adani Hybrid Energy Jaisalmer Four Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary. Such transactions are in compliance with the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (42 of 1999), Companies Act, 2013. Such transactions are not in violation of Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002 (15 of 2003) and are in the normal course of business.

During the previous year, the company has borrowed ₹ 42,400 Lakhs from Adani Properties Private Limited on various dates during the month December 2023, January 2024 and March 2024 and advanced the same on same dates to Adani Green Energy Six Limited, a fellow subsidiary, which were further advanced to Adani Green Energy Limited, the holding company in the same month. Such transactions are in compliance with the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (42 of 1999), Companies Act, 2013. Such transactions are not in violation of Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002 (15 of 2003) and are in the normal course of business.

During the previous year, the company has borrowed ₹ 27,000 Lakhs from Adani Properties Private Limited in the month December 2023 and January 2024 and advanced the same on same date to Adani Green Energy Six Limited, a fellow subsidiary. Such transactions are in compliance with the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (42 of 1999), Companies Act, 2013. Such transactions are not in violation of Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002 (15 of 2003) and are in the normal course of business.

25 Fair Value Measurement :

a) The carrying value of financial instruments by categories as of 31st March, 2025 is as follows : (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	Fair Value through profit or loss	Amortised cost	Total
Financial Assets				
Investments	-	-	182,672	182,672
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	45	45
Trade Receivables	-	-	7,507	7,507
Loans	-	-	24,841	24,841
Total	-	-	215,065	215,065
Financial Liabilities				
Borrowings	-	-	169,549	169,549
Trade Payables	-	-	109	109
Total	-	-	169,658	169,658

b) The carrying value of financial instruments by categories as of 31st March, 2024 is as follows : (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	Fair Value through profit or loss	Amortised cost	Total
Financial Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	12	12
Investments	-	-	181,454	181,454
Trade Receivables	-	-	2,548	2,548
Loans	-	-	84,624	84,624
Other Financial assets	-	-	11,825	11,825
Total	-	-	280,464	280,464
Financial Liabilities				
Borrowings	-	-	99,976	99,976
Trade Payables	-	-	1,970	1,970
Total	-	-	101,946	101,946

Notes:

(i) Investments in subsidiaries classified as equity investments have been accounted at historical cost. Since these are scope out of Ind AS 109 for the purposes of measurement, the same have not been disclosed in the tables above.

(ii) Since the Company does not have any financial asset or liability measured at fair value, disclosure of fair value hierarchy and disclosure of category-wise assets and liabilities is not relevant. All financial assets and liabilities of the Company have been valued at amortised cost and their values are not expected to be different than those presented in financial statements.

(iii) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost is not materially different from its carrying value. Further, impact of time value of money is not significant for the financial instruments classified as current. Accordingly, the fair value has not been disclosed separately.

(iv) Trade Receivables, cash and cash equivalents, other financial assets, trade payables: Fair values approximate their carrying amounts largely due to short-term maturities of these instruments.

26 Pursuant to the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS- 33) – Earnings per Share, the disclosure is as under:

	UOM	For the year ended 31st March, 2025	For the year ended 31st March, 2024
Basic and Diluted EPS			
(Loss) after tax attributable to equity shareholders	(₹ in Lakhs)	(5,798)	(1,662)
(Less) : Distribution on Unsecured Perpetual Securities	(₹ in Lakhs)	(5,674)	(14,371)
(Loss) attributable to equity shareholders	(₹ in Lakhs)	(11,472)	(16,034)
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year	No	10,000	10,000
Nominal Value of equity share	₹	10	10
Basic and Diluted EPS	₹	(114,722.27)	(160,337.54)

27 Contract balances:

(a) The following table provides information about receivables and contract assets from the contracts with customers.

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
Trade Receivable (refer note 7)	7,507	2,548

28 Related party transactions

a. List of related parties and relationship

The Management has identified the following entities and individuals as related parties of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2025 for the purpose of reporting as per Ind AS 24 Related Party Disclosure which are as under:-

Entities with joint control of, or significant influence over, the Parent Company	:	S. B. Adani Family Trust (SBAFT) (controlling entity)
	:	Adani Trading Services LLP (entity having significant influence)
	:	Adani Properties Private Limited (entity having significant influence)
Ultimate Holding Company	:	Adani Green Energy Limited
Fellow Subsidiaries and Subsidiaries of Ultimate Holding Company (with whom Transactions are done)	:	Adani Green Energy Six Limited
	:	Adani Renewable Energy Sixty Four Limited
	:	Adani Renewable Energy (MH) Limited
	:	Adani Solar Energy Jaisalmer Two Private Limited (Formerly known as SBSR Power Cleantech Eleven Private Limited)
	:	Adani Solar Energy RJ Two Private Limited (Formerly known as SBE Renewables Sixteen Project Private Limited)
	:	Adani Hybrid Energy Jaisalmer Four Limited (Formerly known as RSEPL Hybrid Power One limited)
Entities under common control (with whom Transactions are done)	:	Mundra Solar PV Limited
	:	Jash Energy Private Limited
	:	Adani Rail Infra Private Limited
	:	Adani New Industries Limited
	:	Adani Foundation
	:	Mundra Solar Technology Limited
Key Management Personnels	:	Pankaj Kumar Verma, Director
	:	Dhaval Shah, Director
	:	Ankit Mohanlal Shah, Director (w.e.f. 05th February, 2025)
	:	Bimal Agarwal, Director (Upto 05th February, 2025)

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

Outstanding balances of related parties at the period-end are unsecured. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables. Transaction entered into with related party are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions.

Note:

The names of the related parties and nature of the relationships where control exists are disclosed irrespective of whether or not there have been transactions between the related parties. For others, the names and the nature of relationships is disclosed only when the transactions are entered into by the Company with the related parties during the existence of the related party relationship. Transactions in excess of 10% of the total related party transactions for each type has been disclosed in note below.

b. Transactions with Related Parties

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2025					For the year ended 31st March, 2024			
	Holding Company (including Immediate Holding)	Fellow Subsidiaries and Subsidiaries of Ultimate Holding Company	Entities with joint control of, or significant influence over, the Holding Company	Entities under common control/ Associate entities	Holding Company (including Immediate Holding)	Fellow Subsidiaries and Subsidiaries of Ultimate Holding Company	Entities with joint control of, or significant influence over, the Holding Company	Entities under common control/ Associate entities	
Loan Taken	438	76,044	12,063	40,163	108	14,018	69,400	34,221	
Adani Green Energy Limited	438	-	-	-	108	-	-	-	-
Adani Green Energy Six Limited	-	-	-	-	-	14,018	-	-	-
Adani Properties Private Limited	-	-	12,063	-	-	-	69,400	-	-
Adani Rail Infra Private Limited	-	-	-	40,163	-	-	-	-	34,221
Adani Renewable Energy Sixty Four Limited	-	76,044	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment (Debenture)	-	47,700	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adani Hybrid Energy Jaisalmer Four Limited (Formerly known as RSEPL Hybrid Power One limited)	-	47,700	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment (Equity)	-	46,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adani Hybrid Energy Jaisalmer Four Limited (Formerly known as RSEPL Hybrid Power One limited)	-	46,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loan Repaid Back	680	-	58,455	-	14,336	18,435	542	4,000	
Adani Green Energy Limited	680	-	-	-	14,336	-	-	-	-
Adani Green Energy Six Limited	-	-	-	-	-	18,435	-	-	-
Adani Rail Infra Private Limited	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,000
Adani Properties Private Limited	-	-	58,455	-	-	-	-	-	-
Borrowings Repaid back (Perpetual Debt)	127,657	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adani Green Energy Limited	127,657	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loan Given	-	134,146	-	-	-	89,523	-	-	-
Adani Hybrid Energy Jaisalmer Four Limited (Formerly known as RSEPL Hybrid Power One limited)	-	-	-	-	-	117	-	-	-
Adani Green Energy Six Limited	-	134,146	-	-	-	89,406	-	-	-
Loan Received Back	-	193,929	-	-	-	6,000	-	-	-
Adani Green Energy Six Limited	-	192,711	-	-	-	6,000	-	-	-
Issue of Perpetual Securities	-	-	-	-	75	-	-	-	-
Adani Green Energy Limited	-	-	-	-	75	-	-	-	-
Investments in Perpetual Securities	-	-	-	-	-	75	-	-	-
Adani Hybrid Energy Jaisalmer Four Limited (Formerly known as RSEPL Hybrid Power One limited)	-	-	-	-	-	75	-	-	-
Investment (Perpetual Debt) Received back	-	92,482	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adani Hybrid Energy Jaisalmer Four Limited (Formerly known as RSEPL Hybrid Power One limited)	-	92,482	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Adani Renewable Energy Holding Five Limited (Formerly known as Rosepetal Solar Energy Private Limited)

Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended on 31st March, 2025

Interest Expense on Loan	49	3,937	4,009	4,625	1,008	326	1,621	578
Adani Green Energy Limited	49	-	-	-	1,008	-	-	-
Adani Properties Private Limited	-	-	4,009	-	-	-	1,621	-
Adani Rail Infra Private Limited	-	-	-	4,625	-	-	-	578
Adani Renewable Energy Sixty Four Limited	-	3,937	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest Income on Loan	-	6,744	-	-	-	1,925	-	-
Adani Hybrid Energy Jaisalmer Four Limited (Formerly known as RSEPL Hybrid Power One limited)	-	-	-	-	-	117	-	-
Adani Green Energy Six Limited	-	6,625	-	-	-	1,808	-	-
Purchase of Goods	6,689	13	-	-	1,818	-	-	-
Adani Green Energy Limited	6,689	-	-	-	1,818	-	-	-
Sale of Goods	-	88	-	66	-	-	-	1,845
Adani New Industries Limited	-	-	-	66	-	-	-	-
Jash Energy Private Limited	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,744
Adani Hybrid Energy Jaisalmer Four Limited (Formerly known as RSEPL Hybrid Power One limited)	-	76	-	-	-	-	-	-
Receiving of Services	-	-	-	-	340	-	-	-
Adani Green Energy Limited	-	-	-	-	340	-	-	-
Rendering of Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	340
Mundra Solar PV Limited	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	251
Mundra Solar Technology Limited	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	88
Corporate Social Responsibility Expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	75
Adani Foundation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	75
Reimbursement received for dues paid on behalf of	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	-
Adani Green Energy Limited	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-
Adani Renewable Energy (MH) Limited	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reimbursement made for dues paid by	0	0	-	-	0	-	-	-
Adani Green Energy Limited	0	-	-	-	0	-	-	-

Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended on 31st March, 2025

28

c. Balances With Related Parties

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2025				As at 31st March, 2024			
	Holding Company (including Immediate Holding)	Fellow Subsidiaries and Subsidiaries of Ultimate Holding Company	Entities with joint control of, or significant influence over, the Holding Company	Entities under common control/ Associate entities	Holding Company (including Immediate Holding)	Fellow Subsidiaries and Subsidiaries of Ultimate Holding Company	Entities with joint control of, or significant influence over, the Holding Company	Entities under common control/ Associate entities
Borrowings (Loan)	655	76,044	22,466	70,383	897	-	68,858	30,221
Adani Green Energy Limited	655	-	-	-	897	-	-	-
Adani Green Energy Six Limited	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adani Properties Private Limited	-	-	22,466	-	-	-	68,858	-
Adani Rail Infra Private Limited	-	-	-	70,383	-	-	-	30,221
Adani Renewable Energy Sixty Four Limited	-	76,044	-	-	-	-	-	-
Borrowings (Perpetual Debt)	53,526							
Adani Green Energy Limited	53,526							
Investment in Perpetual Securities	-	88,970	-	-	-	181,452	-	-
Adani Hybrid Energy Jaisalmer Four Limited (Formerly known as RSEPL Hybrid Power One limited)	-	88,970	-	-	-	181,452	-	-
Loans & Advances Given	-	24,841	-	-	-	84,624	-	-
Adani Hybrid Energy Jaisalmer Four Limited (Formerly known as RSEPL Hybrid Power One limited)	-	-	-	-	-	1,218	-	-
Adani Green Energy Six Limited		24,841			-	83,406	-	-
Interest Accrued and due receivable (Perpetual)	-	-	-	-	-	11,825	-	-
Adani Hybrid Energy Jaisalmer Four Limited (Formerly known as RSEPL Hybrid Power One limited)	-	-	-	-	-	11,825	-	-
Investment (Debtenture)	-	47,700	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adani Hybrid Energy Jaisalmer Four Limited (Formerly known as RSEPL Hybrid Power One limited)	-	47,700	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accounts Payables (Inclusive of Provisions)	92	15	-	-	1,962	-	-	-
Adani Green Energy Limited	92	-	-	-	1,962	-	-	-
Adani Solar Energy Jaisalmer Two Private Limited (Formerly known as SBSR Power Cleantech Eleven Private Limited)	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accounts Receivable	-	100	-	-	-	-	-	2,548
Adani Hybrid Energy Jaisalmer Four Limited (Formerly known as RSEPL Hybrid Power One limited)	-	85	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adani Solar Energy RJ Two Private Limited (Formerly known as SBE Renewables Sixteen Project Private Limited)	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jash Energy Private Limited	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,056
Mundra Solar PV Limited	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	492

Note:

Refer footnote 1 of Cash Flow Statement for conversion of Unrealised / Unpaid Interest on ICD taken and given respectively from / to related parties in to the ICD balances as on reporting date as per the terms of Contract.

29 Ratio Analysis :

29 Ratio Analysis :					
Particulars	UoM	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024	% Variance	Remarks
i) Current Ratio :					
Current Assets (a)	(₹ in Lakhs)	7,592	14,425		Due to decrease in Current Liabilities and Other financial assets
Current Liabilities (b)	(₹ in Lakhs)	488	2,198		
Current Ratio (a/b)	Times	15.55	6.56	136.94 %	
(a) Items included in Numerator : All financial and non financial current assets					
(b) Items included in Denominator : All financial and non financial current liabilities					
ii) Debt-Equity Ratio:					
Total Debts (a)	(₹ in Lakhs)	169,549	99,976		Due to increase in total debt
Shareholder's Equity (b)	(₹ in Lakhs)	45,155	178,611		
Debt - Equity Ratio (a/b)	Times	3.75	0.56	570.82 %	
(a) Items included in Numerator : Current and Non current borrowings					
(b) Items included in Denominator : Total Equity					
iii) Debt Service coverage Ratio : Not Applicable					
iv) Return on Equity Ratio :					
Net Loss after Taxes (a)	(₹ in Lakhs)	(5,798)	(1,662)		Due to increase in net loss after tax
Equity Sharehodler's Fund (b)	(₹ in Lakhs)	111,883	179,405		
Return on Equity Ratio (a/b)	%	(5.18)%	(0.93)%	459.43 %	
(a) Items included in Numerator : Profit after tax					
(b) Items included in Denominator : Average of Total Equity					
v) Inventory Turnover Ratio : Not Applicable					
vi) Trade Receivables turnover Ratio :					
Sales (a)	(₹ in Lakhs)	6,768	1,845		Due to increase in Revenue from traded goods
Average Accounts Receivable (b)	(₹ in Lakhs)	5,027	13,977		
Trade Receivables turnover Ratio (a/b)	Times	1.35	0.13	920.01 %	
(a) Items included in Numerator : Total Revenue from Contract with Customers					
(b) Items included in Denominator : Average Trade receivables					
vii) Trade Payables turnover Ratio :					
Annual Cost of Goods sold & Other expense (a)	(₹ in Lakhs)	6,705	2,243		Due to increase in Total cost of goods sold and other expenses
Average Accounts Payable (b)	(₹ in Lakhs)	1,040	11,058		
Trade Payables turnover Ratio (a/b)	Times	6.45	0.20	3079.35 %	
(a) Items included in Numerator : Total Costs of Goods sold + Other expense					
(b) Items included in Denominator : Average Trade payables					
viii) Net Capital turnover Ratio :					
Sales (a)	(₹ in Lakhs)	6,768	1,845		Due to increase in Revenue from traded goods
Working Capital (b)	(₹ in Lakhs)	7,104	12,227		
Net Capital turnover Ratio (a/b)	Times	0.95	0.15	531.50 %	
(a) Items included in Numerator : Total Revenue from Contract with Customers					
(b) Items included in Denominator : Current assets minus Current liabilities					
ix) Net Profit Ratio :					
(Loss) for the year (a)	(₹ in Lakhs)	(5,798)	(1,662)		Not Applicable
Total Income (b)	(₹ in Lakhs)	13,527	4,113		
Net Profit Ratio (a/b)	%	(42.87)%	(40.42)%	6.05 %	
(a) Items included in Numerator : (Loss) after Taxes					
(b) Items included in Denominator : Revenue from operations + Other Income					
x) Return on Capital Employed :					
Earnings before Interest and Taxes (a)	(₹ in Lakhs)	6,822	1,870		Due to increase in earnings before interest and taxes
Capital Employed (b)	(₹ in Lakhs)	214,703	278,587		
Return on Capital Employed (a/b)	%	3.18%	0.67%	373.30 %	
(a) Items included in Numerator : Profit before tax + Interest expense					
(b) Items included in Denominator : Tangible Network + Long term debt					
xi) Return on Investment : Not Applicable					

30 Due to micro, small and medium enterprises

On the basis of the information and records available with management, outstanding dues to the Micro and Small enterprise as defined in the MSMED Act, 2006 are disclosed as below.

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the year end.	1	-
Interest due thereon	-	-
Amount of interest paid by the Company in terms of section 16 of the MSMED, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the accounting year.	-	-
Amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the period) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED.	-	-
Amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year.	-	-
Amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in succeeding years.	-	-
The disclosure in respect of the amount payable to enterprises which have provided goods and services to the Company and which qualify under the definition of micro and small enterprises, as defined under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 has been made in the Financial statement as at 31st March, 2025 based on the information received and available with the entities of Company. On the basis of such information, no interest is payable to any micro, small and medium enterprises.		

31 The Company do not have any transaction to report against the following disclosure requirements as notified by MCA pursuant to amendment to Schedule III:

1. Title deeds of immovable property not in the name of the Company
2. Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency
3. Benami Property held under Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988)
4. Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies
5. Transaction with Struck off Companies
6. Related to Borrowing of Funds:
 - Borrowing obtained on the basis of Security of Current Assets
 - Willful defaulter
 - Utilization of borrowed fund and share premium
 - Discrepancy in utilization of borrowings

32 The Company's activities during the year revolve around renewable power generation. Considering the nature of Company's business, as well as based on reviews by the chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resource allocation and performance measurement, there is only one reportable segment in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS - 108 - "Operating Segments", prescribed under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015. As the Company's revenues are from domestic sales, no separate geographical segment is disclosed.

33 Disclosure required under section 186 (4) if the Companies Act, 2013

Included in Non-current loans are loans given to related parties, the particulars of which are disclosed below as required by Section 186 (4) of the Companies Act, 2013.

Particulars	Rate of Interest	Secured / Unsecured	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
Transactions with Subsidiary				
Adani Hybrid Energy Jaisalmer Four Limited	10.60%	Unsecured	-	1,218
Adani Green Energy Six Limited	10.60%	Unsecured	24,841	83,406

The Loans given to related party are for meeting their corporate fund and general business purpose requirements.

34 Recent Pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. During the year ended March 31, 2025, MCA has notified Ind AS – 117 Insurance Contracts and amendments to Ind AS 116 – Leases, relating to sale and leaseback transactions, applicable to the Group w.e.f. April 1, 2024. The Group has reviewed the new pronouncements and based on its evaluation has determined that it does not have any significant impact in its financial statements.

35 The Company uses an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the accounting software except the audit trail feature is enabled, for certain direct changes to SAP application and its underlying HANA database when using certain privileged / administrative access rights where the process is started during the year, stabilized and enabled from March 18, 2025. Further, there is no instance of audit trail feature being tampered with in respect of the accounting software where such feature is enabled.

Additionally, the audit trail of relevant prior years has been preserved for record retention to the extent it was enabled and recorded in those respective years by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

36 In November 2024, the Company's management became aware of an indictment filed by the United States Department of Justice (US DOJ) in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York against two of the executive directors and one of the non-executive director of Adani Green Energy Limited, (the Ultimate Holding Company) and a civil complaint by Securities and Exchange Commission (US SEC) against one executive director and one non-executive director of the Ultimate Holding Company. The Company has not been named in these matters. Having regard to the status of the above-mentioned matters and the fact that there is no allegations / charge to the Company, there is no impact on these Financial Statements.

37 Personnel Cost

The Company does not have any employee. The operational management and administrative functions of the Company are being managed by Holding Company.

38 Events occurring after the Balance sheet Date

The Company evaluates events and transactions that occur subsequent to the balance sheet date but prior to approval of the financial statements to determine the necessity for recognition and/or reporting of any of these events and transactions in the financial statements. As of 24th April, 2025, there are no subsequent events to be recognized or reported that are not already disclosed.

39 Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved for issue by the board of directors on 24th April, 2025.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date

For Dharmesh Parikh & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number : 112054W/W100725

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Govabhai Gothi

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Date: 2025.04.24 23:24:42
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Kanti Gothi

Partner

Membership No. 127664

Place: Ahmedabad

Date: 24th April, 2025

For and on behalf of the board of directors of

Adani Renewable Energy Holding Five Limited

(Earlier known as Rosepetal Solar Energy Private Limited)

PANKAJ
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VERMA

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by PANKAJ
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Pankaj Kumar Verma

Director

DIN:- 09804198

Place: Ahmedabad

Date: 24th April, 2025

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Ankit Shah

Director

DIN:- 08615210